# Quantum Materials Studies at the *In-Situ* and Resonant Scattering Beamline, 4-ID

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### Scientific Programs and Beamline Specs

### – Science focus areas:

- Physics of quantum materials
- Atomic structure of functional surfaces and interfaces
- Time-resolved studies of growth and materials processes

### – Key capabilities:

- Tender and hard x-rays (2.4-23 keV)
- Variable focusing down to ~20 μm (H) x 2 μm (V)
- Polarization control
- Custom endstations, including gas handling system infrastructure

Parameter	Specification/Description
Insertion device:	IVU23, 2.8-m long, in a high- $\beta$ straight
Operating energy range:	2.4 – 23 keV
Monochromator:	Fixed-exit Si(111)
Beam size at sample (FWHM):	Tunable down to 20 (H) x 2 (V) μm²
Flux at sample (500 mA ring current):	~10 <sup>13</sup> photons/s
Harmonic suppression:	~10 <sup>-5</sup> for third harmonic with fundamental at 3 keV
Polarization control:	$P_{L,C} \ge 0.9$ for 2.4 keV $\le E \le 14$ keV
Custom endstations:	3 endstations: base diffractometer for high magnetic field studies, instrumented 6-circle diffractometer, and base diffractometer for <i>in-situ</i> studies of growth and materials processes with gas handling system infrastructure



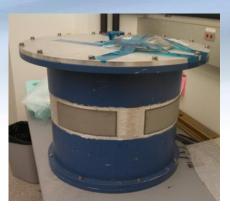
### **Endstation Hutch 4-ID-C**

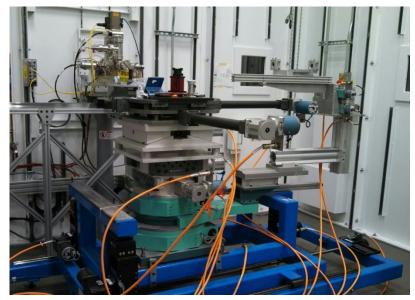
### **Instrumented 6-Circle Diffractometer**



- Horizontal and vertical plane scattering with large accessible Q range
- Dual 2θ arms for simultaneous mounting of point and area detectors
- In-vacuum polarization analyzer
- Motorized cryostat carrier

**High-Field** Magnet **Endstation (to be** commissioned in **FY19)** 





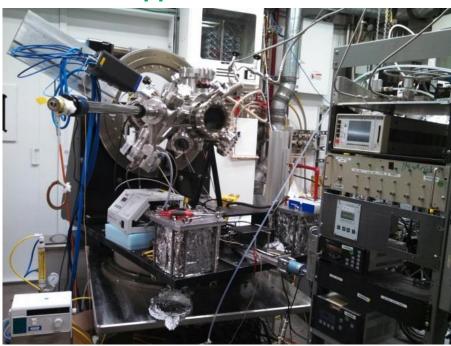
- Horizontal plane scattering
- Polarization analyzer
- Scattering magnet specifications:
  - Vertical field: up to ~10 T
  - Sample temperature: 1.8-300 K





### **Endstation Hutch 4-ID-D**

# **In-Situ** Diffractometer and Partner User-Supplied Growth Chamber



- Secondary focusing using KB mirrors
- Gas handling system
- Excimer laser
- Pixel array detector:
  - Millisecond time resolution
  - High Q resolution

### Program contact: Kenneth Evans-Lutterodt



#### **Gas Cabinets**

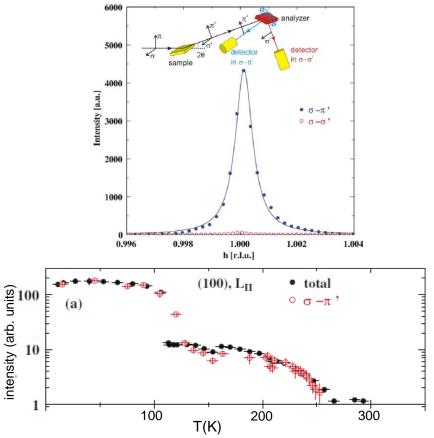


#### **Excimer Laser**

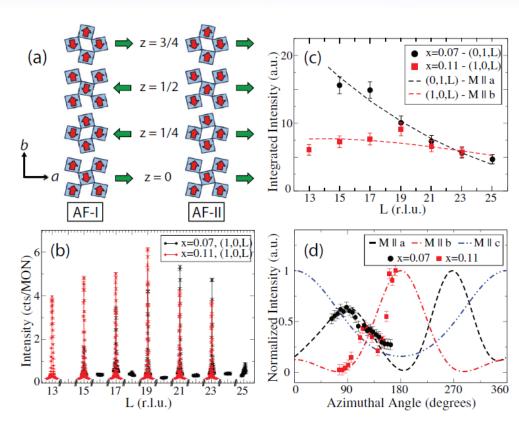




## Resonant X-ray Scattering from 4d- and 5dbased Oxides



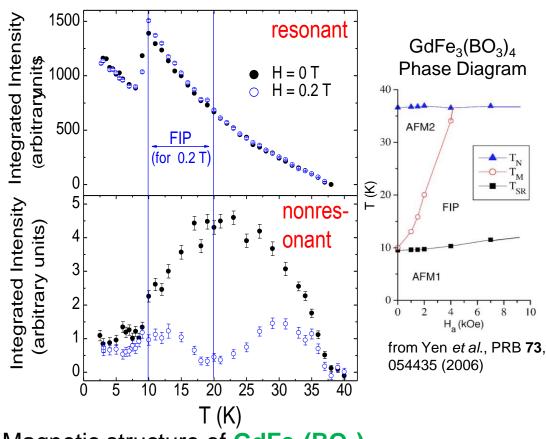
Orbital ordering transition observed in Ca<sub>2</sub>RuO<sub>4</sub>. Zegkinoglou *et al.*, PRL **95**, 136401 (2005).



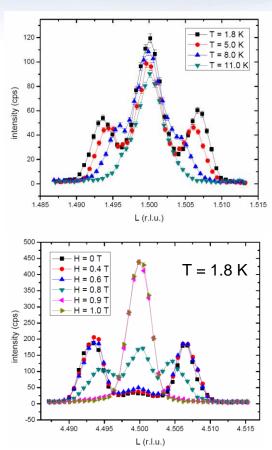
Characterization of doping-induced change in the magnetic order of  $Sr_2Ir_{1-x}Rh_xO_4$ . Clancy *et al.*, PRB **89**, 054409 (2014).

### Magnetic Order in Multiferroic Rare Earth

### **Ferroborates**

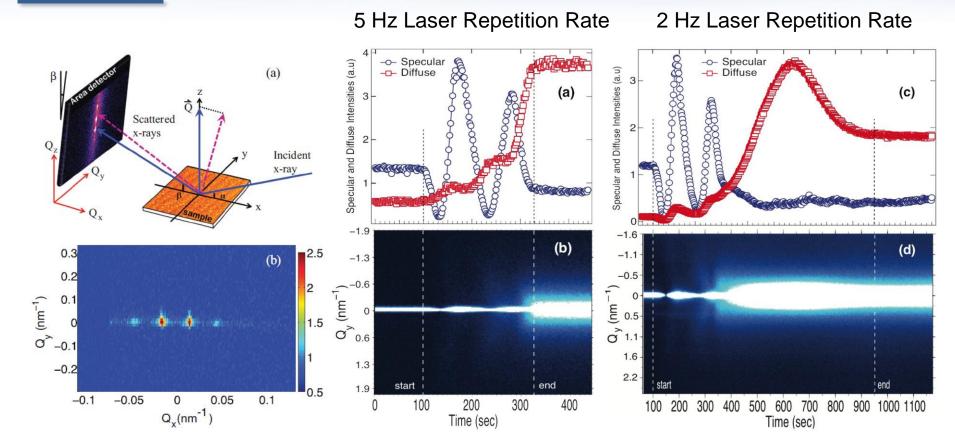


Magnetic structure of **GdFe<sub>3</sub>(BO<sub>3</sub>)<sub>4</sub>** solved using magnetic x-ray scattering. Mo *et al.*, PRB **78**, 214407 (2008).



Temperature- and magnetic field-tuning of magnetic phases in NdFe<sub>3</sub>(BO<sub>3</sub>)<sub>4</sub>. Nelson *et al.*, JKPS **62**, 1410 (2013).

# In-Situ Studies of BiFeO<sub>3</sub> Thin Film Growth



Laminar-to-3D growth mode transition at ~2.5 unit cells in pulsed laser deposited BiFeO<sub>3</sub>. Chinta *et al.*, APL **101**, 201602 (2012).



## Current and Near-Future Beamline

### **Capabilities**

- Single-crystal resonant x-ray scattering with hard (6-23 keV) x-rays,
   ~100 μm beam
- *In-situ* studies of materials growth at surfaces and interfaces with hard x-rays (8-23 keV), with optional use of gas flow control and handling capabilities for non-hazardous gases, ~100 µm beam

• Secondary focusing down to ~20  $\mu m$  (H) x 2  $\mu m$  (V) with *in-situ* endstation

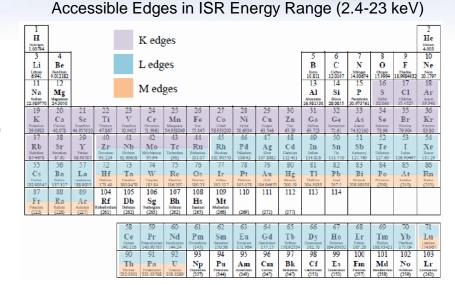
(available in early 2018)

Polarization control with hard (6-14 keV) x-rays (available in early 2018)

 Tender (2.4-6 keV) x-ray scattering with harmonic rejection and polarization control (available in late 2018)

Growth processes using hazardous gases (available in 2019)

Scattering in high magnetic field (available in 2019)



### Planned Additional Capabilities

- Sub-100 μm horizontal focusing for 6-circle diffractometer
- Coherent scattering:
  - Dynamics of charge, orbital, and magnetic domains
  - Domain imaging
- XMCD (requires horizontal magnetic field)
- Diamond anvil cell in high-field magnet

